

Roberto Calvi's Trial: Suicide or Murder?

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Introduction

Objective Statement:

Our project aims to investigate the Roberto Calvi Trial and examine the details of the case both before and after his death. We will gain clarity on how and why the court ruling shifted to murder after being ruled suicide 20 years prior.

Research Questions:

To better guide our analysis, we have developed three research questions to ensure we are covering all aspects of the trial.

1. How was Calvi's death ruled as murder and not suicide?
2. How did public sentiment change over time? How did people's opinions regarding the trial and/or Roberto change over time?

3. What was the motivation of Roberto Calvi's murder?

With regards to the first question, we will be focusing more on the forensic evidence that has made it distinctly clear that Roberto Calvi was murdered. The second question refers to the overall public sentiment over time. We wanted to examine the correlation between key events or the release of certain information and how that has influenced the general public's perception of Roberto Calvi's death. The last question provides additional background with regards to the main characters of the story. For example, it is a deeper insight into the relationships between Calvi and the Vatican and Mafia, who are two main suspects of the trial.

About the Trial:

Roberto Calvi was Italy's most powerful private banker. He joined Banco Ambrosiano as a clerk when the company was a risk-averse institution. Calvi climbed his way up to President of the Bank where he acquired many more banks and offshore accounts. Due to his role, Calvi forged close ties with Archbishop Paul Marcinkus (the chairman of the Vatican's Institute for Religious Works (IOR)), who holds the bank accounts of priests, bishops, cardinals and the Pope, and was a secretive, major shareholder of Banco Ambrosiano.

Timeline of Events Leading up to Calvi's death:

- 1977: A situation happened between Marcinkus and one of his connections, Sindona, where Sindona's empire collapsed, and he was being jailed for conspiracy and fraud. Sindona publicly accused Calvi's Banco Ambrosiano of irregularities as an act of revenge because he was denied funds to save his failing bank.
- 1981: Sindon's tip prompted an investigation which led to Calvi's arrest. He stood on trial on charges of illegal currency dealings concerning the equivalent of \$50 million worth of foreign transactions. When he was in prison awaiting trial, he attempted to kill himself and insisted he was innocent. He filed for an appeal and was released while awaiting a new trial on June 21st 1982.
- 1982: Italy's central bank pressured Calvi to account for the bank's nine-figure debt but he was unsuccessful so he turned to Falvio Carboni who smuggled him to

London. London wasn't his final destination because he told his wife and daughter to meet him in Washington DC.

- June 17, 1982: Bank's board voted to remove the missing Calvi as president and dissolve itself & Calvi's long term secretary fell to her death through the Bank's window (ruled a suicide)
- June 18, 1982: Calvi's body was found hanging from Blackfriars Bridge

Data Curation and Cleaning

To clean our sources, we decided to create one cleaning configuration that could be effectively applied for the entire dataset along with each individual analysis tool. It was essential for us to identify the main OCR errors that continued occurring within the dataset in order for us to create a configuration that would rectify such issues. After thorough examination, we decided it would be best to use the 'stop words' feature so we can include customized words that were misspelled or grammatically incorrect to ensure they are not included in the analysis visualizations.

The image shows a web interface for configuring text cleaning. It is divided into two main sections: 'Stop words' and 'Text Correction'.

Stop words: This section is titled 'Stop words' and includes the instruction 'Set the words you want the Analysis Tools to ignore. Choose a Starter List'. Below this is a list of words: said, Mr, Calvi, Calvi's, ., t, s, Mr., ", a, about, above, across, after, afterwards, again, against, all, almost, alone, along, already, also, although, always, am, among, amongst, amount, an, and, another, any, anyhow, anyone. At the bottom of this list, there is a checkbox labeled 'Ignore stop words case' which is checked, and a 'Clear List' button.

Text Correction: This section is titled 'Text Correction' and includes the instruction 'Options for automatic text correction that will be applied before each Analysis'. It contains several expandable sections with checkboxes:

- Turn on all options:**
- Text Modification:** All lower case
- Characters:** Remove all extended ASCII characters, Remove all number characters
- Special Characters:** Remove all special characters, with a link 'Set specific characters >'
- Punctuation:** Remove all punctuation, with a link 'Set specific punctuation >'
- Spacing:** Remove all tabs, Remove all line breaks, Reduce multiple spaces to one space (ex: "hello there" becomes "hello there")
- Document Sections:** Remove body text, Remove all non-body content, with a link 'Set specific sections >'
- Replacements:** A table with two columns: 'Replace this...' and 'With this...'. It contains three empty rows and an 'Add a Row' button at the bottom.

Initially, we were tempted to make adjustments via the special characters and punctuation feature, however, we realized that it can be difficult to generalize changes for the entire dataset as certain punctuation marks have different meanings and significance in texts. Thus, we decided to add the grammatically incorrect words and spurious symbols as shown in image above, to remove the OCR errors in the dataset. We also adjusted the spacing to remove all tabs, line breaks and reduce multiple spaces to make the text more readable and visually appealing.

Items

Items



Calvi's murder was 'a warning by Mafia'



Calvi Scandal Punctures Vatican Bank Secrecy



Calvi Jury foreman says he is convinced bank was murdered



Arrest in Calvi case



Appeal Move over Calvi 'Suicide'



Doctors reveal new Calvi clue



Doubts and intrigue that swayed the jury



Calvi family win first round of fight to quash verdict



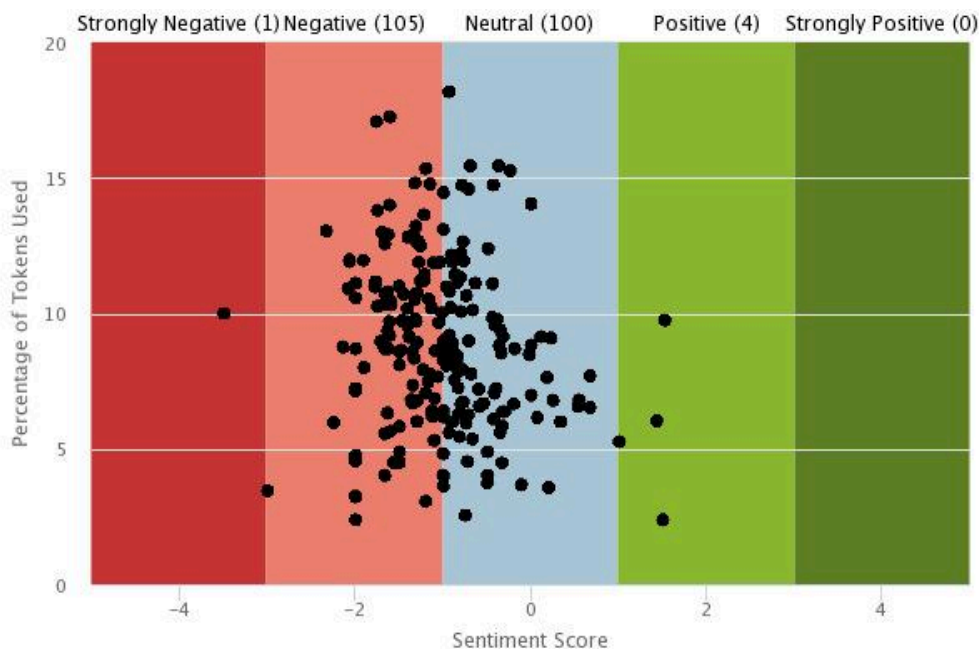
Calvi Family Will Appeal Suicide Ruling

Visualizations

In order to learn more about the Roberto Calvi Trial, we created three different visualizations to interpret from. These visualizations will aid us in understanding the basis of the trial and the events that occurred during this time period.

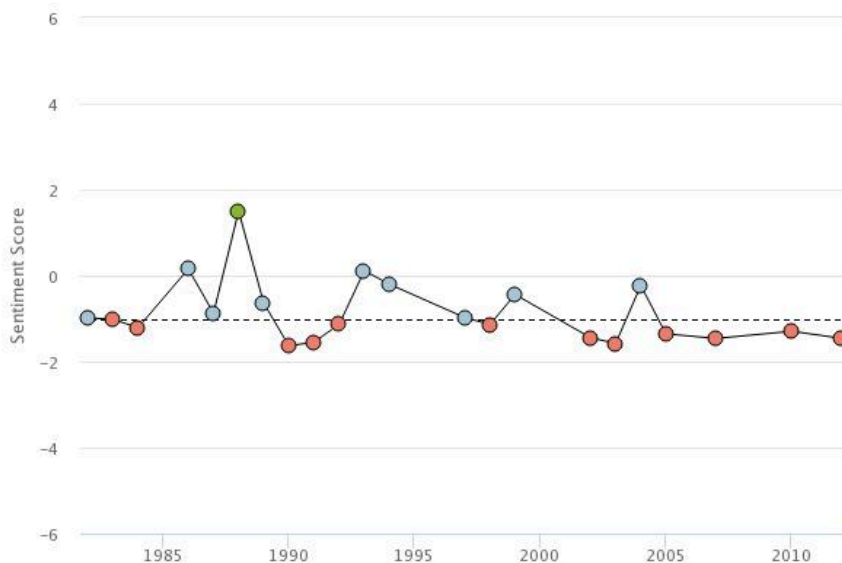
Sentiment Analysis

One of the visualizations we decided to analyze is a sentiment analysis. A sentiment analysis is a natural language processing approach to determine the emotional tone of a body of text. More specifically, it is a process to determine if the tone of the text is positive, negative or neutral. This analysis is beneficial when trying to understand the overall idea or mood of a certain body of text.



Based on the image shown to the left, the sentiment analysis score for our content set are primarily in between the negative and neutral range. This implies that there are a great number of negative and neutral words/terms used found in the documents. Looking closely, we can see that there are five more documents that fall into the negative range compared to the neutral range. Furthermore, we can see that only a few numbers of

documents lies in the positive range. With this, we can get a overall sense of the emotional tone of the documents. Although these results doesn't necessarily assist us in answering our research questions, we are still able to gain a good insight of the case.



The image to the right displays the sentiment analysis overtime. In other words, it shows the sentiment scores between approximately 1950 to 2015 from the range of -6 (strongly negative) to +6 (strongly positive). Based on the graph, we can see that there are a lot more positive points before 1995 and generally more negative points after. From this, we can infer that there are more negative and/or neutral terms used as time moves forward. This result does aid us in answering the second research question: How did public sentiment change over time? How did people's opinions regarding the trial and/or Roberto change over time? The trend of the public sentiment changed overtime by increasing in negative points. This implies that people's opinions in regards to the trial and/or Roberto Calvi are more negative and neutral as time passes by.

Timelines

This is a timeline of the key events that occurred during the Roberto Calvi trial. With the vast amount of documents and evidence presented in court and unofficially, we believed it would be helpful to have a clear cut timeline of the key events along with its according documents during that time period. It is important to note that the dataset only contained

documents from 1982 - 2007, hence we were unable to discuss the events that occurred before or after those dates. We hope this will provide you more insight into the chronological order of the events and give clarity for making your personal decisions into whether Calvi committed suicide or was murdered.



Inquest told 'no evidence of murder'

Calvi death remains a mystery

THE death of 'God's Banker' Roberto Calvi remained a mystery yesterday after an inquest jury returned an open verdict.

It was the second inquest on the Italian banker who earned his nickname because of his links with the Vatican.

And it could mean the settlement of a £2 million insurance policy that would have been withheld had a second suicide verdict been returned.

Calvi, 62, was found hanging from London's Blackfriars Bridge in June last year and the jury at the first inquest found that he had committed suicide.

But his family, believing he was murdered, challenged the verdict in the High Court. It was overruled and a new hearing ordered.

During a nine-day hearing at the City of London Coroner's Court the jury heard a vast range of evidence.

Summing up yesterday, coroner Dr Arthur Davies reminded them of the theories advanced as to how Calvi died. They included being drugged and then left hanging from the bridge, or that he was the victim of a ritual killing.

But he warned them: 'A verdict of unlawful killing must be based on very clear, factual evidence, not on theories, and I must say there has been no clear evidence to suggest Calvi was unlawfully killed, but then you are the judges of that.'

The jury took almost three-and-a-half hours to reach its decision. Then the banker's widow, Signora Clara Calvi, was lead weeping from the court by her son Carlo and daughter Anna.

Carlo Calvi said: 'This verdict removes the stigma from my father's name. Our family wishes to thank the coroner and the jury.'

'We think the jury has done the best it could with the evidence before it. It is difficult to bring the whole picture out in a coroner's court.'

The verdict means that Italian lawyers will now begin arguing over the insurance money.

It also means that the City of London police will keep their Calvi file open. Det. Chief Supt. Barry Tarbut said: 'We will continue with our inquiries, but it is very much a mystery.'

Running

'The jury verdict does not prove any crime was committed and we will not be running around in circles trying to find evidence where it does not exist. But there are people we would like to interview abroad.'

'The evidence points to the fact that he was running from something. Whether it was business or political I don't know.'

Calvi came to London last June while on bail pending his appeal against a four-year prison sentence and £7 million fine for currency offences. His appeal was due to be heard three days after he died.

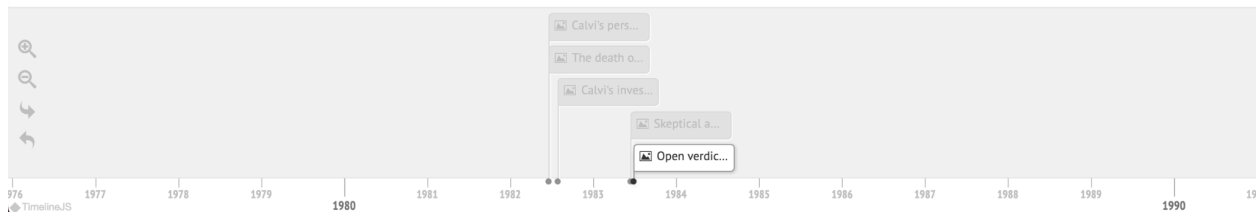
The Godfather and the Borgias, Harold Robbins style - Page SIX.

JUNE 28TH, 1983

OPEN VERDICT : JURY UNABLE TO DETERMINE CAUSE OF DEATH

The second inquest concluded with the jury recording an open verdict, indicating that the court had been unable to determine the exact cause of death

MAFIA INVOLVEMENT? AUGUST 14TH, 1991



[View full timeline](#)

Word Cloud

A word cloud is a helpful visualization because it can provide a comprehensive account of the vocabulary used in the content set. Word Clouds are a type of Ngram visualization. An Ngram is a sequence of words, where N represents the number of words. Ngrams provide the relative frequency of a given gram within a content set. The Word Cloud below is based on the number of times an Ngram appears in our content set divided by the total number of tokens in the content set. It consists of 100 Ngrams and the larger more orange words

After examining all three analyses : sentiment over time, timelineJS and the word cloud, we identified a correlation. It is worth noting that the worst sentiment score occurred during 1990 which is when Archbishop Paul Marcinkus resigned from the Vatican bank. After examination revealed the death of Calvi was linked to the disappearance of \$1.2 billion dollars in which the Vatican may have had a role, a key figure in the scandal resigned. On the other hand, the year that had the highest sentiment score was 1988 which was the year a Bank in London decided to restructure their ownership and executive board. They replaced the chairman because of his ties with Calvi in an attempt to start afresh. Thus, because of the increasing positive or decreasing negative words, the sentiment score reached its peak positive.

Moreover, after Calvi's body had been exhumed in 1998, the sentiment shifted towards a positive sentiment as there was hope to find new forensic evidence. However, shortly thereafter, pathologists and forensic examiners identified evidence that suggest a clause for murder which is why there is a general negative trend in the latter half of the analysis. Even with the five defendants being convicted then acquitted years later due to lack of evidence, there was no promising documentation within the dataset that would have helped increase the sentiment above 0.

Lessons Learned

We conclude that there is a correlation between the frequent usage of neutral and negative words (as seen in the Word Cloud), the neutral and negative trending sentiment analysis over time, and the articles written about the key events on the timeline.

While there is no way to confirm or deny, these three analyses could begin to explain why the case was so quickly ruled as a suicide. In 1977, Calvi attempted to commit suicide while in prison awaiting his first trial. While awaiting his next trial in June 1982, he was unable to account for the bank's massive debt and fled to London. Three days before the trial, Calvi's body was found. This historical context from the timeline, paired with the consistent neutral and negative sentiment and word cloud, it is possible that the original ruling of the case was a quick conclusion to come to for the detectives working the case.